



## Terms of Reference Crime Prevention Committee (CPC)

### 1.0 Background:

#### Crime Prevention

Crime prevention looks at people who are not involved in criminal activity and asks, “What can we do to make sure they never come into conflict with the law?” Crime prevention also looks at places and situations which are not yet troubled by much criminal activity and asks, “How can we make sure crime never becomes a significant problem here?”

Crime prevention can be broken down into people-, place- and situation-oriented strategies. The people-oriented strategy is usually known as “crime prevention through social development,” or CPSD<sup>1</sup>. Place-oriented strategies are known as “crime prevention through environmental design,” or CPTED<sup>2</sup>. When combined with situational approaches, these strategies form a holistic and effective crime prevention package.

Situational crime prevention looks at particular circumstances in which people interact with one another and with the built environment, identifies particular risky combinations, and looks for solutions specific to those situations. Solutions may include:

- Increasing the effort required to commit a crime, making it less attractive;
- Increasing the risk of being caught;
- Reducing the potential rewards of crime;
- Reducing provocations and temptations;
- Removing excuses for committing crime.

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<sup>1</sup> CPSD involves long-term, integrated actions that deal with the root causes of crime. It aims to reduce risk factors that start people, particularly children and youth, on the road to crime, and to build protective factors that may mitigate those risks. CPSD works at making people healthy, responsible and resilient and promotes community values about non-violence and respect for other people and their property, and helps young people resist peer pressure and make good decisions.

<sup>2</sup> CPTED relates to places and things, the “built environment,” which can be either targets of criminal activity or the location where crime takes place. The proper design, effective use and maintenance of the built environment can lead to a reduction in the incidence and fear of crime, and an improvement in quality of life. Through the effective use of CPTED principles, crime, nuisance behaviour and the fear of crime can be reduced.

Some of these solutions involve a combination of people-oriented and place-oriented strategies that overlay with crime prevention through social development or environmental design.

### Community Defense Model Program

This model is characterized by a collective effort of neighbourhood residents who can be organized to act collectively in an effort to reduce the opportunity for crime by assuming a more vigilant and proprietary concern over their neighbourhood. Principles include:

- Community-based;
- Informal social control;
- Local collective action;
- Behaviour reinforcement or modification;
- Situational crime prevention measures.

A community was suffering from a number of problems including drug trafficking, vandalism, litter, burglary, derelict housing stocks, etc. A consortium of local residents, community groups, as well as police and city agencies organized a ‘block club’, established to take ownership, resolve neighbourhood issues and to nurture social cohesion and informal social control. Residents were organized and trained by the police to identify, record and report suspected criminal activity on their blocks. Residents also worked with faith-based group to develop standards of conduct for the community.

## **2.0 Mandate:**

The mandate of the Committee includes:

- Continuing to advance media messaging around crime prevention and community defense model programs in collaboration with the City’s Communication Officer
- Continuing with the “Know Your Neighbour” campaign concept
- Recommend crime prevention programs that facilitate crime reduction
- In partnership with the Community Police Office, promoting and educating residents about existing RCMP programs such as Block Watch, crime prevention such as CPTED, and community defense model programs such as neighbourhood gatherings.
- In partnership with the Community Police Office, Downtown Langley Business Association and Chamber of Commerce, promoting and educating business owners about existing RCMP programs, crime prevention, and community defense model programs.

- Requesting presentations from the RCMP and local non-government agencies to educate members about on Crime Prevention and Community Defense Model programs, strategies, and issues.
- Aligning with the strategic plan in creating new protective and supportive services through exploring opportunities for the Community Liaison Officer, Block Watch and other activities that help everyone feel safe and supported.

### **3.0 Composition:**

3.1 Membership will strive to reflect the diversity of the community, with experience, knowledge, and expertise applicable the Committee's mandate taken into consideration.

3.2 Membership:

- Two non-voting members of City Council to be appointed by Council who will act as Chair and Co-Chair of the Committee
- Six Community-at-large members to be appointed by City Council
- One member from the Downtown Langley Business Association
- One member from the Greater Langley Chamber of Commerce
- One member from the youth community
- One member representing the Indigenous community
- Two members representing Langley City social service providers

3.3 Chair Responsibilities:

- Facilitating meetings in accordance with rules of procedure outlined in the current Council Procedure Bylaw;
- Ensuring the Committee does not deviate from the agenda for the meeting;
- Maintaining decorum and respectful discussion;
- Encouraging participation in discussion topics and questions;
- Being open-minded and allowing for a variety of opinions to be heard;
- Calling for votes and/or seeking consensus as applicable;
- Working alongside the Staff Liaison to guide the Committee towards fulfilling tasks/projects identified in the Annual Work Plan and presenting reports to Council, as applicable;
- Acting as spokesperson for the Committee to Council.

### 3.4 Member Responsibilities:

- Attending and actively participating in meetings as scheduled;
- Being prepared for meetings (reading agenda material prior to meetings)
- Engaging in collaborative, respectful discussions relating to topics on the agenda, including sharing thoughts, opinions, and recommendations;
- Maintaining an open mind and allowing for a variety of opinions to be heard;
- Voting on motions that are put forward by Committee members;
- Notifying the Staff Liaison in a timely manner if they are unable to attend a scheduled meeting.

3.5 In addition to chairing meetings in the absence of the Chair, the Co-Chair may assume chairing duties when deemed appropriate by the Chair.

3.6 Representative(s) from the affiliated agencies/organizations will be requested to provide expert advice when deemed appropriate to assist the Committee to fulfill its mandate.

## 4.0 Administration:

4.1 A Staff Liaison will be assigned by the Chief Administrative Officer to provide advice as necessary and assist the Committee in carrying out its mandate.

### Staff Liaison Responsibilities:

- Arranging and/or providing annual orientation for the Committee members;
- Coordinating preparation of the Committee's Annual Work Plan for approval by Council in January of each year; ensuring Work Plans are in alignment with goals identified in Council's current Strategic Plan;
- Working with the Committee to set timelines for deliverables identified in the Annual Work Plan;
- Scheduling the Committee's meetings;
- Determining agenda items for each Committee meeting with the Chair and relaying to the Committee Clerk for agenda production purposes;
- Attending meetings to providing technical advice and assistance to the Committee;
- Preparing reports in coordination with the Chair to bring forward recommendations of the Committee to Council for consideration.

4.2 A Committee Clerk will be assigned by the Staff Liaison to provide administrative support to the Committee.

#### Committee Clerk Responsibilities:

- Coordinating and producing all meeting agendas in compliance with requirements of the current Council Procedure Bylaw as they relate to City Committees;
- Attending meetings to take minutes and providing procedural advice to the Chair when requested;
- Producing and circulating minutes of meetings in compliance with requirements of the Current Council Procedure Bylaw as they relate to City Committees;
- Maintaining the official files of the Committee including minutes, agendas, policies, terms of reference, correspondence and other file information, in accordance with the City's records management practices.

4.3 Additional staff and/or consultants may be invited to provide technical advice and assistance.

#### **5.0 Meeting Procedures**

Meetings will be conducted in accordance with the City's current Council Procedure Bylaw.

#### **6.0 Reporting Structure:**

The Committee will report to City Council through distribution of its minutes and by making recommendations to City Council.

#### **7.0 Accountability:**

7.1 The Committee is accountable to City Council.

7.2 In accordance with Council Policy CO-79 Advisory Bodies, the committee shall, in January of each year, prepare and submit to Council for approval, an annual Work Plan outlining the task(s) to be accomplished by the committee during the year. Any updates to the Work Plan shall be submitted to Council for approval.

7.3 The Committee does not have the authority to give direction to staff or to commit to expenditures of funds. Action recommended by the Committee must be done so by resolution to City Council and with their approval prior to implementation.

7.4 The Committee may undertake multiple initiatives. However, the Committee shall undertake only one initiative at a time if staff resources are required.

## **8.0 Meetings:**

The Committee will meet on a regular basis at the call of the Chair.

## **9.0 Quorum:**

9.1 A quorum shall be a majority of the total voting membership.

9.2 In the event that a member or members leave(s) the Committee, during the period of time between when the position(s) is/are vacant and the position(s) is/are filled, quorum will be determined based on the total number of remaining voting members.

## **10.0 Terms:**

10.1 The Committee's membership is ongoing and any external membership on the Committee will be reviewed as required to fill vacancies and ensure effectiveness of the Committee.

10.2 Council may terminate appointments at its discretion.